

FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT - SECOND MID TERM

SOCIAL SCIENCE

Max. Marks: 50

Std - VIII

Time: 2 Hrs

Name of the School:	Name of the Student:
Place:	Roll No.:

I. Choose the correct answer: 5 x 1 = 5

1. Nalanda, the oldest university in India was located in _____

a. Uttar Pradesh b. Maharashtra c. Bihar
2. In which year was the New Education Policy introduced in India? _____

a. 1992 b. 2009 c. 1968
3. The Preamble of constitution was amended in _____

a. 1976 b. 1974 c. 1951
4. The fastest growing city is _____

a. Delhi b. New York c. Mexico
5. War is one of the _____ causes of human migration

a. Demographic b. Political c. Socio-cultural

II. Fill in the blanks: 5 x 1 = 5

1. Towns grew originally from local _____.
2. _____ is a condition created when highly skilled workers migrate to another country.
3. Mid-day meal program was introduced in schools in _____
4. The New Education Policy was revised in _____
5. The basic aim of our constitution is to promote _____ and _____.

III. Match the following: 5 x 1 = 5

1. Children

- Social reformer
2. RajaRam Mohan Roy

- Out migration
3. Sarfoji II

- In migration
4. Emigration

- Future citizen
5. Immigration

- Saraswathi Mahal

IV. Answer the following in one or two sentences:

4 x 1 = 4

1. What are the types of migration based on time?
2. List any four most populous cities in the world.
3. Name some of the Indians who contributed to the spread of secularism.
4. Expand SSA and RMSA.

V. Answer the following in briefly: (any 5)

5 x 3 = 15

1. Write about the importance of Gurukulas.
2. What do you know about RTE?
3. What is Urbanisation?
4. Define migration.
5. Mention any three constitutional provisions related to secularism.
6. What does secularism mean?

VI. Distinguish between the following: (any 2)

2 x 3 = 6

1. Push factor and Pull factor.
2. Permanent migration and Seasonal migration.
3. Economic consequences of migration and Demographic consequences of migration.

VII. Answer the following in detail: (any 2)

2 x 5 = 10

1. Discuss the problems of Urbanisation.
2. What were the sources of education in ancient India?
3. Why do we need secular education?