

## SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT – THIRD TERM

### SOCIAL SCIENCE

**Max. Marks: 100**
**Std - VIII**
**Time: 2.30 Hrs**

<b>Name of the School:</b> <hr style="border: 0; border-top: 1px solid black; margin: 5px 0;"/>	<b>Name of the Student:</b> <hr style="border: 0; border-top: 1px solid black; margin: 5px 0;"/>
<b>Place:</b> <hr style="border: 0; border-top: 1px solid black; margin: 5px 0;"/>	<b>Roll No.:</b> <hr style="border: 0; border-top: 1px solid black; margin: 5px 0;"/>

**I. Choose the correct answer:**
**10 × 1 = 10**

1. The British arrived in India for \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. trading                                      b. ruling                                      c. working
2. The Practice of Sati was abolished in \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. 1827                                      b. 1828                                      c. 1829
3. The first woman doctor in India was \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. Dharmambal                                      b. Muthulakshmi Ammaiyar                                      c. Panditha Ramabai
4. Iron and steel and cement industries are the examples of \_\_\_\_\_ industries.  
 a. marine based                                      b. mineral based                                      c. agro based
5. Kalgoorlie is famous for mining  
 a. Diamonds                                      b. gold                                      c. silver
6. Shallow water bodies are represented by \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. white                                      b. brown                                      c. dark blue
7. Army day is observed on \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. 15<sup>th</sup> February                                      b. 1<sup>st</sup> February                                      c. 7<sup>th</sup> October
8. The highest and final Judicial tribunal of India is the \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. President                                      b. Parliament                                      c. Supreme Court
9. India's foreign policy is based on several principles one of which is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. Satyameva Jayate                                      b. Panchsheel                                      c. both a and b
10. Public sector is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. profit oriented                                      b. service oriented                                      c. none of these

**II. Fill in the blanks:**
**10 × 1 = 10**

11. \_\_\_\_\_ is the process of social and economic development in a society.
12. The chief architect of india's foreign policy was \_\_\_\_\_.
13. The word 'non Alignment' was coined by \_\_\_\_\_.

14. The \_\_\_\_\_ high court is the oldest high court in India.
15. During ancient times, most of the kings courts dispensed justice according to \_\_\_\_\_.
16. Cadastral maps are usually maintained by \_\_\_\_\_.
17. The globe is the time representation of the \_\_\_\_\_.
18. \_\_\_\_\_ is the most common tree in Australia.
19. \_\_\_\_\_ was responsible for the formation of the corporation.
20. Kandukuri Veeresalingam published a journal called \_\_\_\_\_.

**III. Match the following:**

**10 × 1 = 10**

- |                        |                     |
|------------------------|---------------------|
| 21. Kedarnath          | - Pandita Ramabhai  |
| 22. Dowry              | - Equatorial forest |
| 23. Sarada Sadan       | - Key of a map      |
| 24. Judicial sector    | - Social Evil       |
| 25. Krill              | - Thematic map      |
| 26. Jewel of the earth | - Quinary activity  |
| 27. Legend             | - Religious centre  |
| 28. Choropleth         | - Chief Justice     |
| 29. Sir Elijah Impey   | - Apartheid         |
| 30. Nelson Mandela     | - Small redfish     |

**IV. Answer in briefly: (Any 10)**

**10 × 2½ = 25**

31. What are the three organs of public sector.
32. What are the different levels of courts in Indian.
33. Why is national security very essential?
34. Name the member countries of the SAARC?
35. Name the intermediate directions.
36. Define – map scale.
37. Name the physical division of Australia?
38. Why is Africa called a Mother Continent?
39. Name the major economic activities.
40. Write a short note on cantonment towns.
41. List out some social evils.
42. Write a note on sati.

**V. Distinguish between: (Any 2)**

**2 × 2½ = 5**

43. Large scale industries and small scale industries.
44. Sahel and Sahara.
45. Globe and map.

**VI. Answer the following in detail: (Any 5)**

**5 × 5 = 25**

46. Explain the importance of public sector.
47. Write the five principles of Panchsheel.
48. Describe the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court.
49. Describe the flora and fauna of Antarctica.
50. Classify the industries through a flow chart.
51. Trace the origin and growth of Madras.
52. Trace the role of women in the Indian freedom struggle.

**VII. Mark the following in the Outline map of India:**

**10 × 1 = 10**

- |                |                  |              |           |
|----------------|------------------|--------------|-----------|
| 1. Pudukkottai | 2. Salem         | 3. Hyderabad | 4. Mysore |
| 5. Sandur      | 6. Calicut       | 7. Mangalore | 8. Cochin |
| 9. Travancore  | 10. Cape Comorin |              |           |

**VIII. Mark the following on the outline map of Africa:**

**5 × 1 = 5**

- |                   |               |                 |
|-------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 1. Atlantic ocean | 2. Madagascar | 3. Gulf of aden |
| 4. Red sea        | 5. Savanna    |                 |